

Sewing Machine Operator_LD

Sample Paper

Training Provider		Training Center	
Center SPOC		Batch Id	
Center SPOC Contact No		Assessment date	
Candidate Name		Trainer Name	
Candidate Contact No		Trainer Contact No	
Candidate Signature		Trainer Signature	

Q1. Which stitch is most commonly used for joining garment parts?

- a) Lockstitch
- b) Basting stitch
- c) Decorative stitch
- d) Chain stitch only

Q2 Before operating a sewing machine, the operator should:

- a) Increase speed immediately
- b) Check needle, thread, and machine settings
- c) Remove safety guards
- d) Ignore machine condition

Q3. Which machine is commonly used for edge finishing?

- a) Overlock machine
- b) Washing machine
- c) Cutting machine
- d) Pressing machine

Q4. Skipped stitches are generally caused by:

- a) Correct needle size
- b) Damaged or incorrect needle
- c) Proper machine settings
- d) Balanced tension

Q5. Proper thread tension helps to:

- a) Produce balanced stitches
- b) Damage fabric
- c) Break threads frequently
- d) Reduce garment quality

Q6. Quality in sewing means:

- a) High production only
- b) Meeting specified standards and requirements
- c) Using expensive materials
- d) Working faster than others

Q7. Which of the following is a sewing defect?

- a) Balanced stitch
- b) Correct seam allowance
- c) Seam puckering
- d) Proper alignment

Q8. If a defect is detected during sewing, the operator should:

- a) Ignore it
- b) Hide it
- c) Correct it or report it
- d) Pack the garment

Q9. Maintaining consistent seam allowance improves:

- a) Appearance and fit
- b) Fabric wastage
- c) Defects
- d) Rework

Q10 A well-organized workspace helps to:

- a) Increase efficiency
- b) Increase accidents
- c) Delay production
- c) Waste materials

Q11. Tools should be:

- a) Kept scattered
- b) Stored properly after use
- c) Left on machines
- d) Shared without checking condition

Q12. Regular machine maintenance helps to:

- a) Increase breakdowns
- b) Improve machine performance
- c) Reduce productivity
- d) Damage equipment

Q13. Before starting work, operators should:

- a) Check machine condition and cleanliness
- b) Ignore safety checks
- c) Remove machine guards
- d) Start at maximum speed

Q14. What is the purpose of backstitching?

- a) To decorate the machine
- b) To clean the fabric
- c) To secure the beginning and end of the seam
- d) To reduce thread usage

Q15. What should an operator do if unusual machine noise is noticed?

- a) Stop the machine and report the issue
- b) Increase the machine speed
- c) Ignore the noise
- d) Continue working without checking

Q16. Which quality should a Sewing Machine Operator possess?

- a) Driving skills only
- b) Cooking skills only
- c) Painting skills only
- d) Attention to detail and hand-eye coordination

Q17. Which document helps identify the stitching requirements for a product?

- a) Work order or job sheet
- b) Salary slip
- c) Identity card
- d) Attendance register

Q18. Why is teamwork important in a production unit?

- a) It reduces product quality
- b) It increases machine breakdowns
- c) It delays production
- d) Increase conflicts

Q19. Which tool is commonly used to trim excess thread?

- a) Hammer
- b) Wrench
- c) Thread snipper or scissors
- d) Screwdriver

Q20. Which component holds the lower thread?

- a) Bobbin
- b) Needle
- c) Hand wheel
- d) Motor