

Self Employed Tailor (Divyangjan)

Sample Paper

Training Provider		Training Center	
Center SPOC		Batch Id	
Center SPOC Contact No		Assessment date	
Candidate Name		Trainer Name	
Candidate Contact No		Trainer Contact No	
Candidate Signature		Trainer Signature	

Q1. A self-employed tailor with a disability should first ensure that the workplace is:

- a) Safe and accessible
- b) Dark and crowded
- c) Noisy
- d) Untidy

Q2 Why should tools be stored in designated places after use?

- a) To increase production cost
- b) To reduce machine speed
- c) To prevent loss and accidents
- d) To make the workplace crowded

Q3. Which of the following is a sign of poor machine maintenance?

- a) Smooth operation
- b) Proper lubrication
- c) Unusual noise during operation
- d) Clean work area

Q4. What should be done if a machine defect is noticed?

- a) Ignore it
- b) Continue working
- c) Report it to the supervisor immediately
- d) Increase machine speed

Q5. What is the purpose of following organizational policies?

- a) To create confusion
- b) To ensure quality and compliance
- c) To reduce productivity
- d) To waste resources

Q6. What should a tailor do before delivering a garment?

- a) Deliver without checking
- b) Remove all buttons
- c) Inspect the garment for quality and finishing
- d) Skip ironing

Q7. What should an employee do when unsure about a workplace regulation?

- a) Guess the procedure
- b) Ignore the rule
- c) Seek clarification from the supervisor
- d) Ask a customer

Q8. Energy conservation in a tailoring shop can be achieved by:

- a) Running machines unnecessarily
- b) Switching off equipment when not in use
- c) Keeping all lights on all day
- d) Increasing machine idle time

Q9. Which tool is primarily used for taking body measurements?

- a) Tailor's measuring tape
- b) Needle
- c) Thimble
- d) Bobbin

Q10 Why is grain line marking important in fabric cutting?

- a) To increase fabric wastage
- b) To ensure proper garment shape and fit
- c) To decorate the pattern
- d) To reduce stitching quality

Q11. What should be checked before cutting fabric?

- a) Fabric defects and measurements
- b) Customer's address only
- c) Machine speed only
- d) Thread color only

Q12. Which tool is commonly used for fabric cutting?

- a) Fabric scissors/shears
- b) Screwdriver
- c) Hammer
- d) Pliers

Q13. What is the purpose of backstitching at the beginning and end of a seam?

- a) Decoration only
- b) To secure stitches and prevent unraveling
- c) To reduce seam strength
- d) To increase fabric wastage

Q14. Which stitch is commonly used for joining fabric pieces?

- a) Running seam stitch
- b) Cutting stitch
- c) Marking stitch
- d) Measuring stitch

Q15. What should be matched carefully while sewing patterned fabrics?

- a) Needle size only
- b) Fabric pattern alignment
- c) Machine color
- d) Table height

Q16. Which household textile item can be produced using sewing skills?

- a) Cushion cover
- b) Wooden chair
- c) Metal box
- d) Glass bottle

Q17. What is the main purpose of garment fitting inspection?

- a) To increase fabric cost
- b) To check comfort, appearance, and fit
- c) To change fabric color
- d) To reduce customer satisfaction

Q18. If a garment is too loose at the waist, what alteration may be required?

- a) Letting out seams further
- b) Taking in the side seams
- c) Cutting the sleeves
- d) Replacing buttons only

Q19. What should be done immediately in case of a workplace injury?

- a) Ignore the injury
- b) Continue working
- c) Provide first aid and report the incident
- d) Leave the workplace without informing anyone

Q20. Gender and PwD sensitization promotes:

- a) Discrimination
- b) Equal opportunity and respectful behavior
- c) Workplace conflicts
- d) Exclusion of workers